

What Can Hemofiltration Teach us About Sepsis?

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Monica



0 51 y.o. artist

Admitted on New Years Day with abdominal pain

Underwent open cholecystectomy



4 24 hours after surgery

- Despite antibiotics...
- Fever, shortness of breath, decreased urine output
- Admitted to ICU

12 hours later

- Confused and low blood oxygen
- Requires mechanical ventilation
- Blood pressure is low

4 6 hours later

- Cardiac arrest
- Pronounced dead

Howard



- 70 y.o. retired school teacher
- Mild emphysema, hypertension
- Admitted to hospital with pneumonia
- Developed respiratory failure, circulatory shock, acute renal failure
- 22 days in ICU, 35 days in hospital, 16 days in rehab
- Discharged to home
- Readmitted two weeks later, fever and shortness of breath



Requires mechanical ventilation and hemodialysis

Requests discontinuation of life support after 5 days in ICU



TNF





Fong et al. *J Clin Invest* 1990;85:1896

Fong et al. *J Immunol* 1989;142:2321

6 healthy volunteers







N=78

Harbarth AJRCCM 2001

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The course of sepsis



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Genetic and Inflammatory Markers of Sepsis (GenIMS)



A multicenter study of pneumonia and sepsis Genetic and Inflammatory Markers of Sepsis

Inception cohort study of patients presenting to ED with CAP

- 28 hospitals clustered in 4 regions
 - Pennsylvania (SW)
 - Connecticut
 - Michigan (Detroit area)
 - Tennessee (Memphis area)

Serial blood sampling and clinical data collection

- Characterize genotype, serum inflammatory markers, and clinical outcomes
 - CAP but no progress to severe sepsis
 - CAP progressing to severe sepsis

The GenIMS study of Sepsis in Community Acquired Pneumonia



Kellum JA et al. Arch Intern Med 2007; 167(15):1655-63

IL-6 and severe sepsis





Kellum JA et al. Arch Intern Med 2007; 167(15):1655-63

Reidemann, et al Nature Med. 2003





Cytokine Patterns and Survival





Kellum JA et al. Arch Intern Med 2007; 167:1655-63

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Cox model





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Reidemann, et al Nature Med. 2003





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Sepsis = immune suppression



Hotchkiss et al. Nat Med 2009

Immunoparalysis



Munoz, et al. J. Clin. Invest. 1991. 88:1747-1754

Whole blood response to LPS stimulation

IL-6

TNF





Alves-Filho JC et al. Mem Inst Oswaldo Cruz, Rio de Janeiro, Vol. 100(Suppl. I): 223-226, 2005



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Immuno-senescence



Older individuals have decreased bacterial clearance despite increased cytokine response



Turnbull et al. (Crit Care Med 2009; 37: 1018–1023

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...and yet systemic inflammation is greater

IL-6



Do high systemic concentrations of cytokines "distract" the leukocytes from source of infection?





This information is current as of December 6, 2010

Early Enhanced Local Neutrophil Recruitment in Peritonitis-Induced Sepsis Improves Bacterial Clearance and Survival

Florin L. Craciun, Elizabeth R. Schuller and Daniel G. Remick

J Immunol 2010;185;6930-6938; Prepublished online 1 November 2010; doi:10.4049/jimmunol.1002300 http://www.jimmunol.org/content/185/11/6930





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Systems Engineering of a Pheresis Intervention for Sepsis (SEPsIS)

John A. Kellum, MD Principal Investigator Director, Molecular Core Laboratory, CRISMA Vice Chair for Research Professor, Department of Critical Care Medicine



The SEPsIS Team



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 - Derek Barclay
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 - Vincent Čapponi
 - James Winchester
 - Phil Chan

CytoSorb[™]

- Polystyrene divinyl benzene copolymer beads
- A biocompatible coating
- 300-800 microns diameter
- Each gram of material has a surface area of 850 m²
- Cartridge containing 10g of material



Impact of continuous venovenous hemofiltration on organ failure during the early phase of severe sepsis: A randomized controlled trial*

Didier Payen, MD, PhD; Joaquim Mateo, MD; Jean Marc Cavaillon, PhD; François Fraisse, MD; Christian Floriot, MD; Eric Vicaut, MD, PhD; for the Hemofiltration and Sepsis Group of the Collège National de Réanimation et de Médecine d'Urgence des Hôpitaux extra-Universitaires



No effect on Cytokines









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Hemoadsorption improves survival









Peng Z, et al. Submitted

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Long term survival







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Blood Purification for Sepsis





Conclusions



Inflammation continues for many days after clinical signs/symptoms have abated

Immune suppression may last for weeks and may have long term consequences

Goal to have sepsis patients survive

- Can we bolster the immune system?
- Can we control secondary infection?

…and survivors live, function and feel well

- Rich research agenda
- Clear opportunities to improve care now

Conclusions



The Cytotoxic model of sepsis is inadequate

- …in terms of observations in humans
- …to explain the effects seen in animal studies of immunomodulation

The Cytokinetic model explains

- …how certain interventions might improve outcome in infection
- …fits the existing data from multiple laboratories

Studies of sepsis interventions will need to be designed differently

- Measurement of enhance immune effector cell function
- Improving "signal to noise ratio" for systemic vs. local inflammation
- Studies on bacterial clearance
- Resistant infection?
- "Chronic" sepsis?